Restoration Blueprint

An Effort to Restore Critical Marine Habitats in the Florida Keys





Sanctuary Advisory Council Goals

Improve <u>biological diversity</u> and <u>restore and</u> <u>enhance natural systems</u> across all regions of the Keys

- Reduce stresses from human activities by establishing areas that restrict access to sensitive wildlife and habitats
- Protect large and contiguous habitats to replenish and preserve habitats and full life cycle needs of species
- Improve/maintain the condition of habitats
- Increase abundance and condition of selected key species

Facilitate public and private resource use compatible with resource protection

- Minimize conflicts among uses
- Prevent heavy concentrations of uses that degrade sanctuary resources
- Provide undisturbed sites for research and monitoring
- Achieve vibrant sustainable ecosystem and economy

Proposed Action

Alternatives

No Action

Range of Reasonable Alternatives (3) Alternative 3 is agency preferred

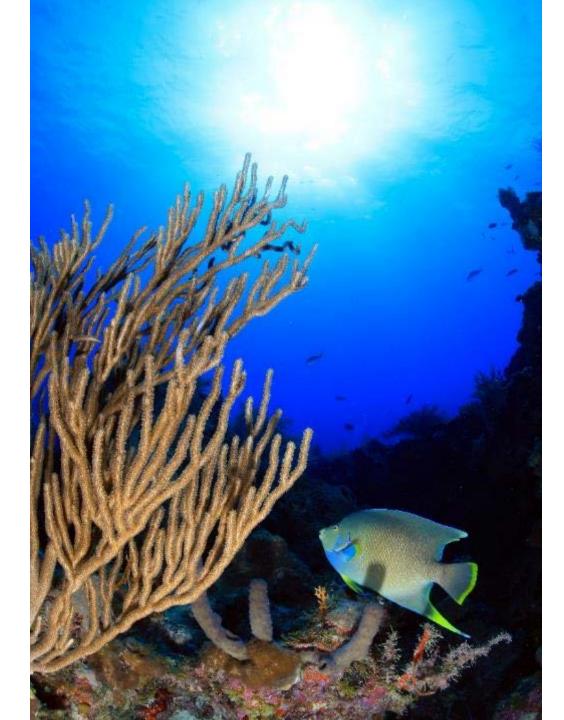
Alternative Components

Management Plan activities

Boundary expansion

Sanctuary-wide regulations

Marine zones & zone specific regulations







Alternative 1: No Action

1997 - Management Plan, Zoning Scheme, and Regulations Implemented

2001 - Tortugas Ecological Reserve Added

2007 - Management Plan Updated

2010 - No Discharge Zone Extended Sanctuary-wide

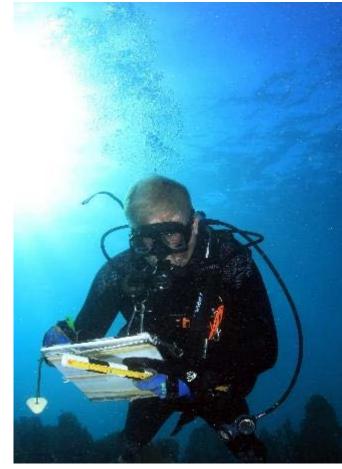
Management Plan





GOAL 1: Improve our Understanding of Sanctuary Resources, Ecosystem Services, and their Value to the Florida Keys Economy.





- Develop Comprehensive
 Science Plan
- Develop online data portal
- Survey for and identify historical resources
- Repeat economic value study



GOAL 2: Maintain or Improve the Condition of Sanctuary Resources and, where possible, Restore Ecosystem Structure and Function.





- Update water quality monitoring program
- Develop sanctuary restoration plan
- Collaborate to understand and improve the condition of living marine resources

GOAL 3: Maintain or Increase Efforts to Reduce Threats to Sanctuary Resources and Manage Human Uses and Associated Impacts.



- Monitor human use and potential impacts
- Implement a mooring buoy program
- Enhance regulatory compliance
- Execute the permitting program
- Expand the Blue Star programs





Blue Star Operator

Committed to Coral Conservation



GOAL 4: Increase Awareness and Support for FKNMS and its Resources.





- Enhance outreach activities and expand to include new and diverse audiences
- Develop issue-specific outreach products and tools
- Support and strengthen volunteer programs





GOAL 5: Advance and Support Collaborative and Coordinated Management.





- Facilities and operational requirements
- Enhance existing partnership and collaborative management
- Staffing plans, training



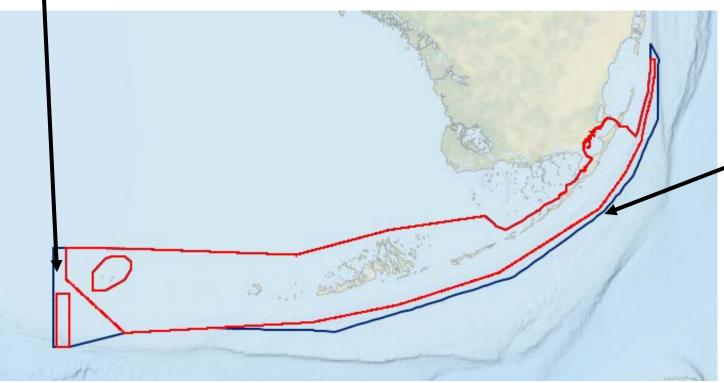
Sanctuary Boundary





Sanctuary Boundary Expansion: Alternatives 2 & 3

Connectivity- Tortugas

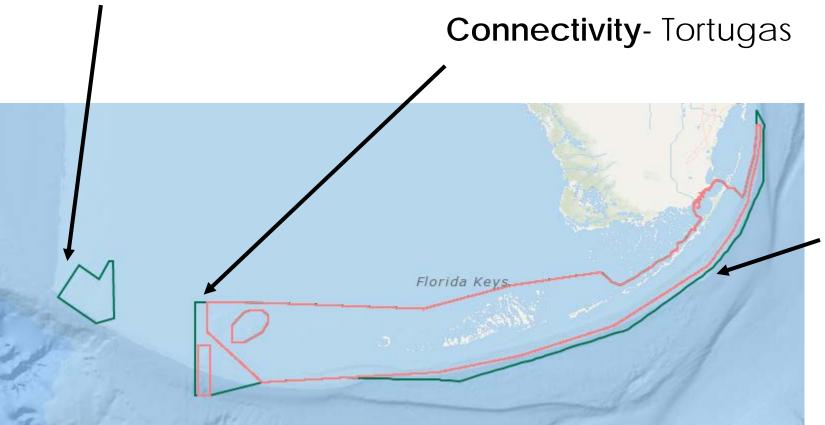


Consistent regulation- Expand boundary to include areas already closed to large vessel traffic



Sanctuary Boundary Expansion: Alternative 4

Significant Ecosystems-Pulley Ridge



Consistent regulation-Expand boundary to include areas already closed to large vessel traffic

Sanctuary-wide Regulations



Sanctuary-wide Regulations:

Alternatives 2, 3 & 4:

- Limit discharge from cruise ships in sanctuary
- Increase # days allowed for emergency regulation
- Align NOAA permitting regulations with those of the Florida Department of State Division of Historical Resources (DHR)
- Ability to address impact from derelict or deserted vessels
- Prohibit fish feeding
- Mooring buoy restrictions

Only included in Alternative 4:

- Require FKNMS authorization for live rock aquaculture
- Limit boat speed within 100 yards of all shorelines







Sanctuary-wide Regulations: Cruise ship discharges

Proposed change applies in Alternatives 2, 3, and 4

Current regulation*:

<u>Prohibits</u> discharge of any material <u>except</u> "water generated by routine vessel operations" (e.g., deck wash down and graywater) Proposed Change:

<u>Prohibits</u> discharge of any material from a cruise ship <u>except</u> *clean* cooling waters, *clean* bilge water, or *clean* anchor wash water





Sanctuary-wide Regulations: Emergency Regulation

Proposed change applies in Alternatives 2, 3, and 4

Current regulation*:

Emergency regulations may be enacted for <u>60 days</u> with option for additional 60 day extension

Has been used for: ship grounding removal and restoration, to reduce stress on coral impacted by disease

Proposed Change:

Emergency regulations may be enacted for <u>180 days</u> with option for additional 186 day extension

Goals: Allows additional time for recovery; allows time to engage regulatory process if new regulation needed





Sanctuary-wide Regulations: Historical resource permitting

Proposed change applies in Alternatives 2, 3, and 4

Current regulation*:

Inconsistent with state regulations

Permitted categories include:

- survey/inventory
- research/recovery
- deaccession/transfer

Proposed Change:

<u>Aligns</u> sanctuary regulations with state regulations

<u>Create</u> one historical resource permit category for:

• archaeological research





Sanctuary-wide Regulations: Derelict Vessels

Proposed change applies in Alternatives 2, 3, and 4

Current regulation*:

Not explicitly regulated unless:

- a discharge,
- alteration to the seabed, or
- destruction, loss, or injury to a sanctuary resource occurs



Proposed change:

<u>Prohibit</u> anchoring, mooring, or occupying a vessel at risk of becoming derelict, or deserting a vessel aground, at anchor, or adrift

Prohibit leaving harmful matter aboard a grounded or deserted vessel



Sanctuary-wide Regulations: Fish Feeding

Proposed change applies in Alternatives 2, 3, and 4

Current regulation*:

Inconsistent with state regulations

Not explicitly regulated unless:

- a discharge, or
- destruction, loss, or injury to a sanctuary resource occurs

Proposed Change:

<u>Prohibit</u> the feeding of fish, sharks, or other marine species <u>from any vessel</u> and/or while <u>diving</u>





Sanctuary-wide Regulations: Use of Mooring Buoys

Proposed change applies in Alternatives 2, 3, and 4

Current regulation*:

Use of FKNMS mooring buoys is <u>required:</u>

- in Tortugas North Ecological Reserve
- in all other SPAs and Western Sambo Ecological Reserve if a buoy is available



Proposed change:

<u>Require</u> vessels over 65' length overall to use large vessel designated mooring buoys

<u>Prohibit</u> overnight use of FKNMS mooring buoys, except for safe harbor



Sanctuary-wide Regulations: Live Rock Aquaculture

Proposed change applies in Alternative 4

Current regulation*:

<u>Prohibits</u> harvesting or possessing any live rock within the sanctuary, <u>except</u> as authorized by a permit for aquaculture issued by the National Marine Fisheries Service or as authorized by the applicable state authority Proposed change:

Require <u>sanctuary</u> <u>authorization</u> for existing and any future live rock aquaculture activities





Sanctuary-wide Regulations: Shoreline Slow Speed

Proposed change applies in Alternative 4

Current regulation*:

<u>Prohibits</u> operating a vessel at a speed greater than 4 knots or creating a wake:

• within 100 yards of residential shorelines

Proposed change:

Extend this prohibition to apply to <u>all shorelines</u> within the sanctuary and modify the restriction to <u>slow speed</u>



Marine Zone Boundaries & Regulations





Marine Zones

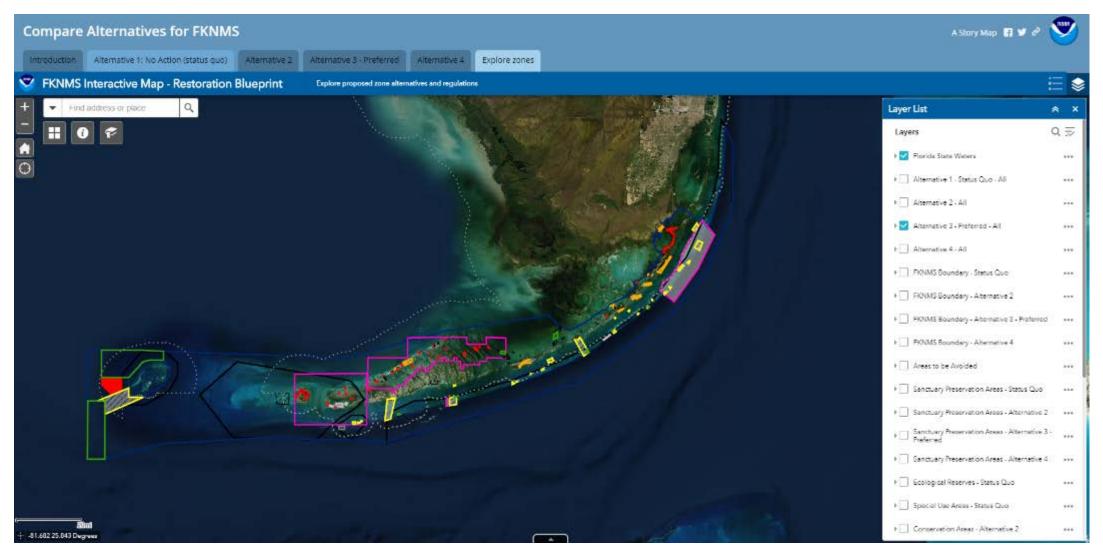
- Individual zone types provide different levels of protection
- Blueprint proposes new zones to address persistent threats to resource health, protect a range of habitat types, and facilitate restoration





Marine Zones: Explore Alternatives

Interactive Map will be available to explore alternatives





Marine Zones: Sanctuary Preservation Area

Manage activities to separate conflicting use and protect habitats <u>Regulations</u>: prohibit discharge, fishing, touching or anchoring on coral







[look but don't touch]

Avoid contact with the reef. Even a minor brush with hands or fins can damage delicate coral animals and can even hurt you, as some corals can sting or cut. Stray fins can also stir up sand that can smother coral animals.



Marine Zones: Sanctuary Preservation Area

General approach across alternatives

Alternative 1 - Status Quo Existing SPA regulations* prohibit:

- Discharge, touching coral, certain anchoring restrictions;
- Fishing, possessing marine life except:
 - Baitfishing allowed by permit in all SPAs
 - Catch and release trolling allowed in some SPAs: Conch, Alligator, Sombrero, and Sand Key SPAs

Alternatives 2, 3, and 4 propose to:

- Eliminate:
 - Baitfishing
 - Catch and release trolling
- Add:
 - Idle Speed/No Wake
 - No Anchor



Marine Zones: Sanctuary Preservation Area (images show preferred alternative)

Protect additional habitat types: <u>patch reefs</u>

No Anchor Idle Speed Sanctuary Preservation Area





Turtle Shoals



Marine Zones: Sanctuary Preservation Area

(images show preferred alternative overlapping status quo)

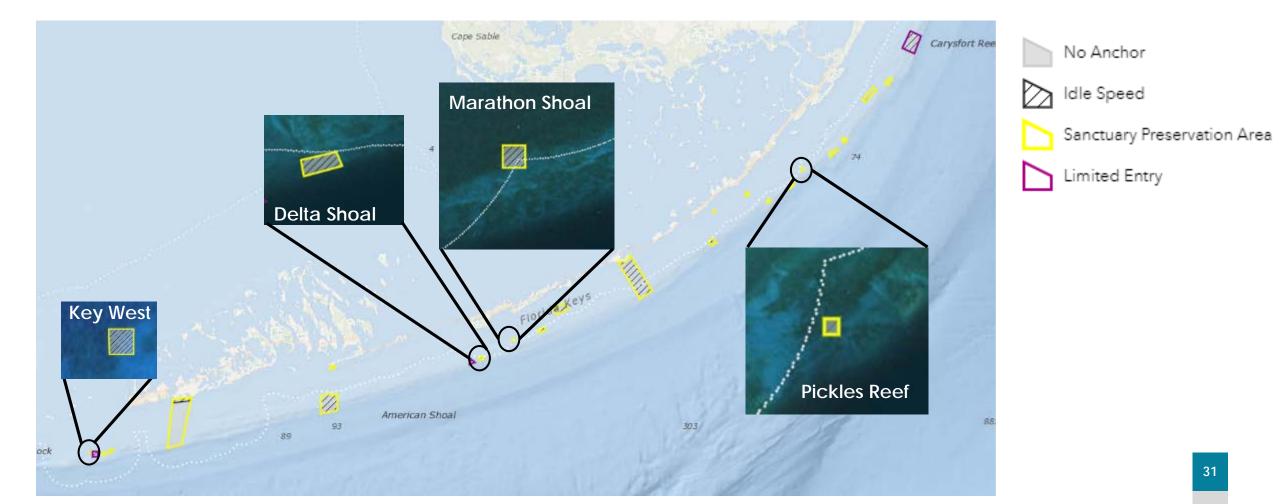
Protect additional habitat types: <u>deep reef</u>





Marine Zones: Sanctuary Preservation Area (images show preferred alternative)

Facilitate habitat restoration



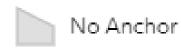


Marine Zones: Sanctuary Preservation Area (images show preferred alternative) Test application of <u>limited use zones</u> in the sanctuary



Marine Zones:

Sanctuary Preservation Area Preferred alternative: Upper Keys



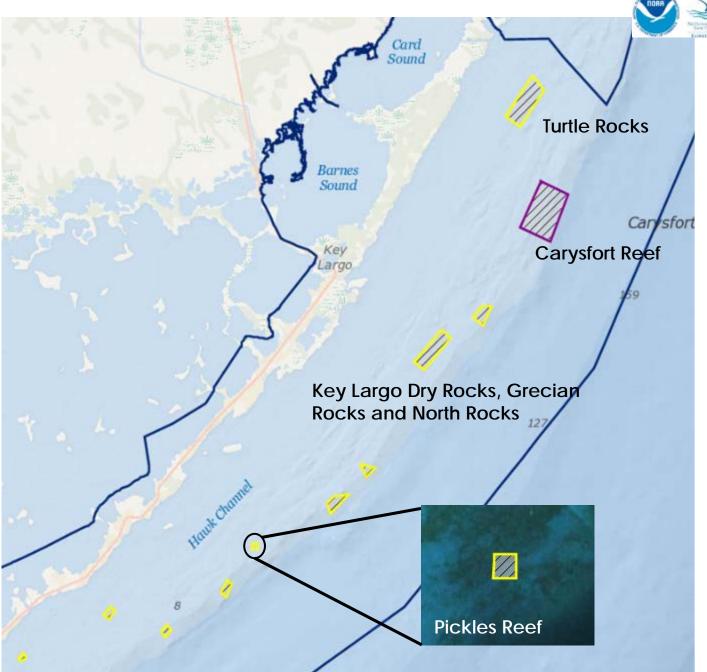


Idle Speed



Sanctuary Preservation Area

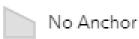
Limited Entry





Marine Zones:

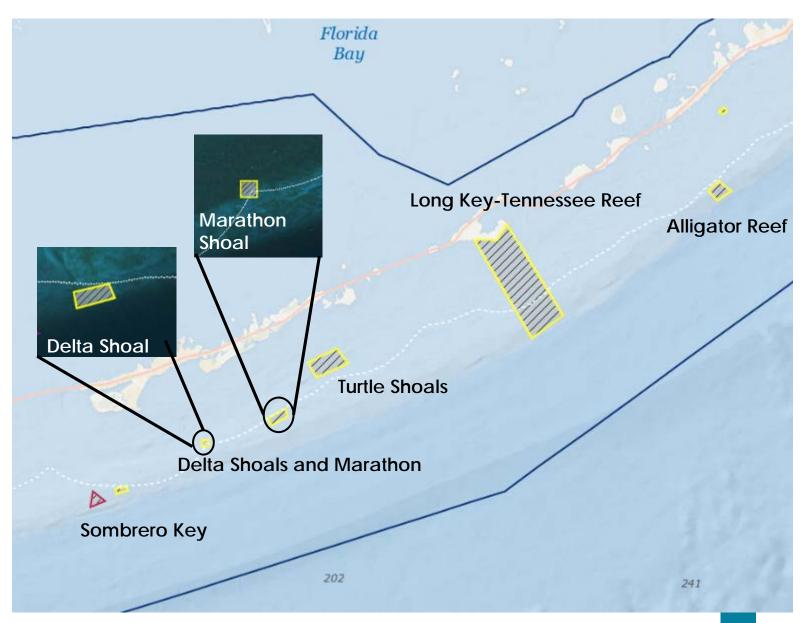
Sanctuary Preservation Area Preferred alternative: Middle Keys



Idle Speed

Sanctuary Preservation Area

Limited Entry





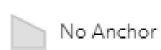
Marine Zones: Sanctuary Preservation Area Preferred alternative: Lower Keys



No Anchor Idle Speed Sanctuary Preservation Area

Marine Zones:

Sanctuary Preservation Area Preferred alternative: Marquesas





Idle Speed

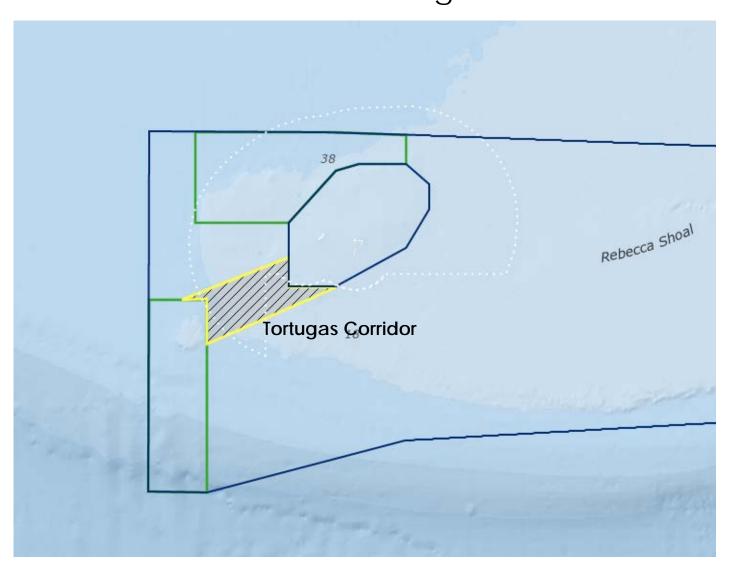
Sanctuary Preservation Area

Limited Entry





Marine Zones: Sanctuary Preservation Area Preferred alternative: Tortugas







Marine Zones: Sanctuary Preservation Area (summary of alternatives)

- Separate conflicting uses
- Protect coral reef habitat through placement of mooring buoys

Sanctuary Preservation Areas				
	Alternative 1 (status quo)	Alternative 2	Alternative 3 (preferred)	Alternative 4
Total zones ¹	19	25	26	22
Total area (sq miles) ¹	18	68.43	78	50.33
Regulations applied	*existing SPA regulations *baitfishing permits *catch and release trolling allowed in 4 SPAs	*existing SPA regulations *eliminate baitfish permits *eliminate catch and release trolling *idle speed/no wake *no anchor	*existing SPA regulations *eliminate baitfish permits *eliminate catch and release trolling *idle speed/no wake *no anchor *3 limited entry SPAs	*existing SPA regulations *eliminate baitfish permits *eliminate catch and release trolling *idle speed/no wake *no anchor *2 limited entry SPAs

¹ Includes Western Sambo Ecological Reserve as it is regulated like a Sanctuary Preservation Area



Most protective zone type

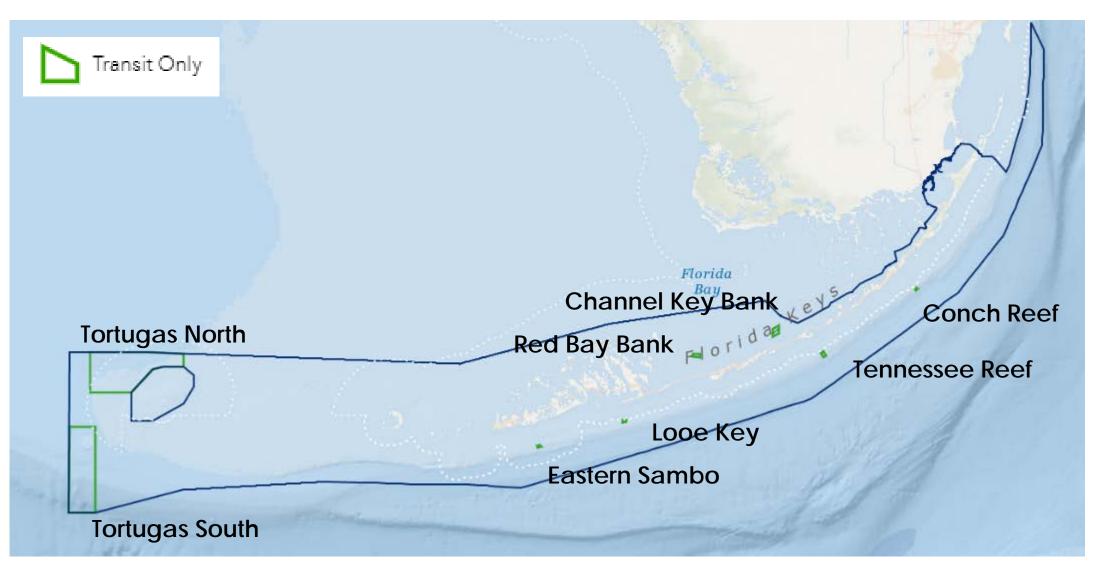
<u>Regulations</u>: transit only (without a valid sanctuary permit)





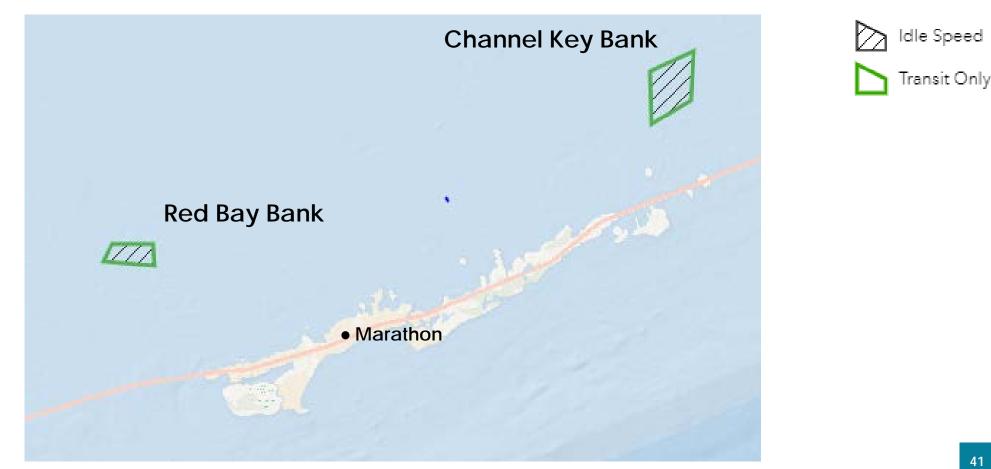


Preferred alternative





- Protect new habitat types: hardbottom, seagrass and shallow banks -
- Facilitate research and restoration in these areas -





Marine Zones: Conservation Area (summary of alternatives)

- Replace existing Ecological Reserve and Special Use Area zone types
- Most protective zone type
- Protect large contiguous habitat areas
- Facilitate research, restoration, and monitoring

Conservation Areas				
	Alternative 1 (status quo)	Alternative 2	Alternative 3 (preferred)	Alternative 4
Total zones	6 ¹	8	8	13
Total area (sq miles)	182.23	203.21	203.21	270.01
Regulations applied	transit only without applicable permit			

¹ Alternative 1 includes two Ecological Reserves and four Special Use Areas.



Marine Zones: Wildlife Management Area

Restrict vessel operations to protect wildlife & minimize disturbance <u>Regulation Options</u>: no anchor, idle speed/no wake, no motor, no entry









Marine Zones: Wildlife Management Area

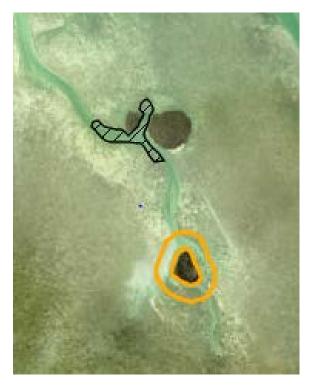
Restrict vessel operations to protect seagrass and hardbottom habitat <u>Regulation Options</u>: no anchor, idle speed/no wake, no motor, no entry

Tavernier Key No Motor zone before & after zoning



Photos: Curtis Kruer; Florida Keys Shallow Water Boating Impact Analysis and Trends Assessment - Mapping Summary Report, March 2017

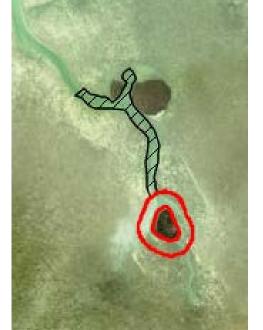
Marine Zones: Wildlife Management Area General approach across alternatives: Bay Keys



Alternative 1



Alternative 2



Alternative 3

No Entry
No Anchor
Idle Speed
Trolling Only
No Motor



Alternative 4



Marine Zones: Wildlife Management Area Preferred alternative: Upper Keys



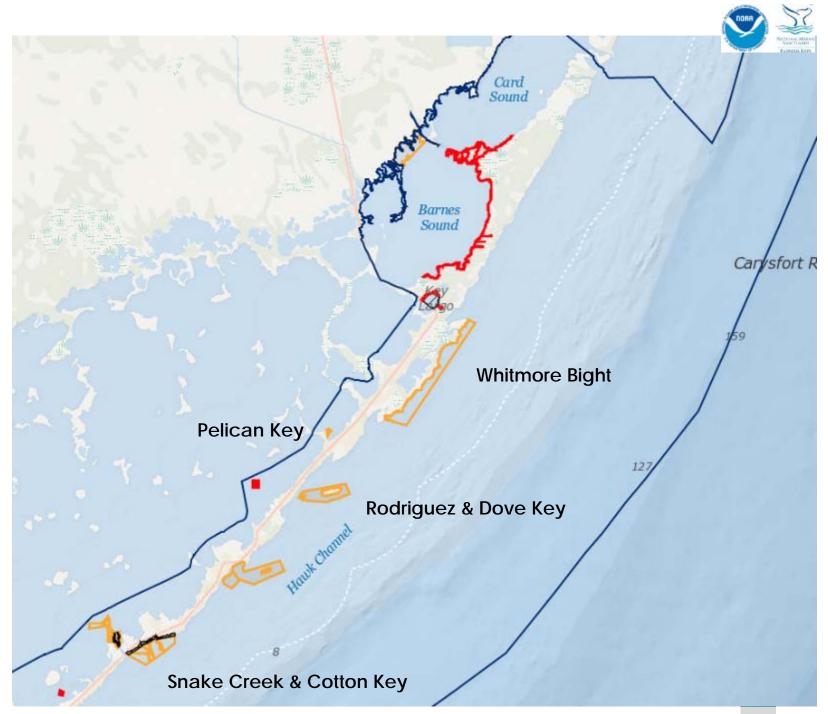
No Anchor



Idle Speed

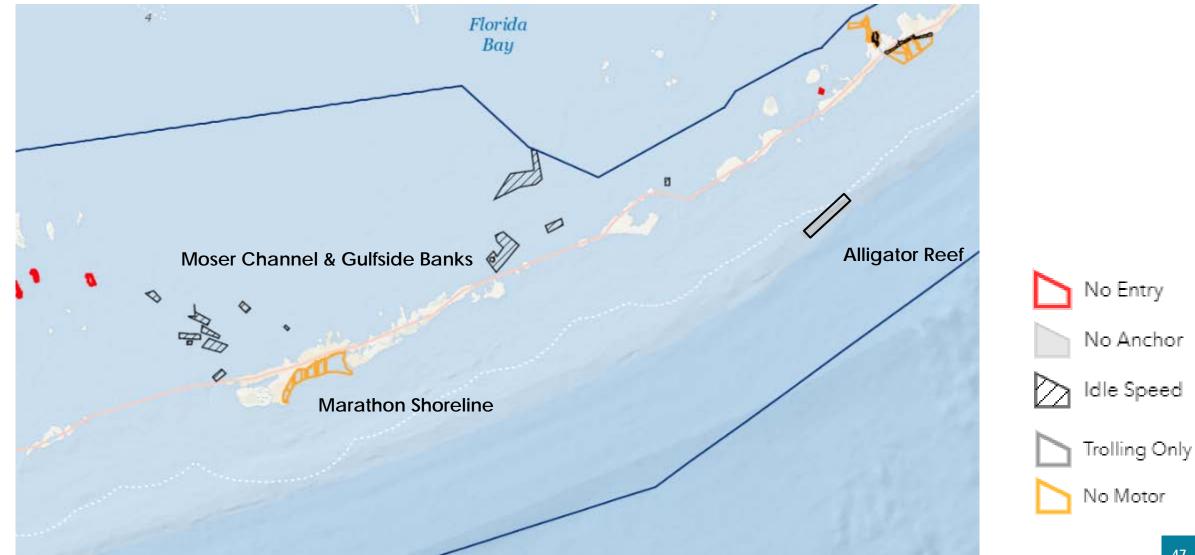


No Motor





Marine Zones: Wildlife Management Area Preferred alternative: Middle Keys



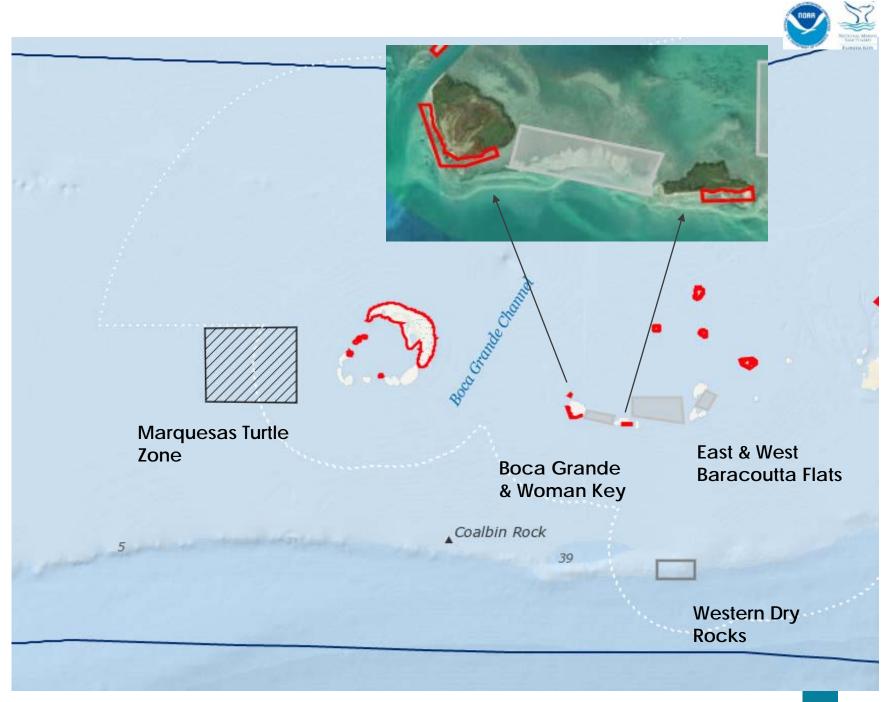


Marine Zones: Wildlife Management Area Preferred alternative: Lower Keys

Snipe Keys Key Lois & Loggerhead Key American Shoal

No Entry
No Anchor
Idle Speed
Trolling Only
No Motor

Marine Zones: Wildlife Management Area Preferred alternative: Marquesas





No Motor



Marine Zones: Wildlife Management Area (summary of alternatives)

- Minimize disturbance to sensitive or endangered wildlife
- Restrictions vary- no anchor, idle speed/no wake, no motor, no entry
- WMAs are small and targeted, and comprise the majority of existing and proposed new zones

Wildlife Management Areas					
	Alternative 1 (status quo)	Alternative 2	Alternative 3 (preferred)	Alternative 4	
Total zones ¹	28	59	60	59 ²	
Total area (sq miles) ¹	37.55	67.68	69.62	322.73 ²	
Regulations applied	*idle speed/no wake *no motor *no anchor *no access buffer zone *closed	*idle speed/no wake *no motor *no anchor *trolling only *no entry	*idle speed/no wake *no motor *no anchor *trolling only *no entry	*idle speed/no wake *no motor *no anchor *no entry	

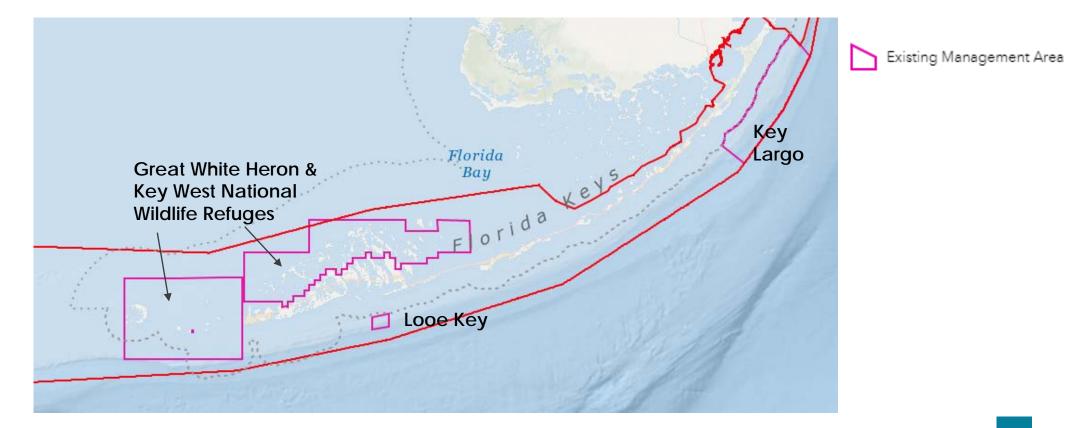
¹ Includes Tortugas No Anchor zone

² Includes Pulley Ridge No Anchor zone



Marine Zones: Management Areas (image shows status quo)

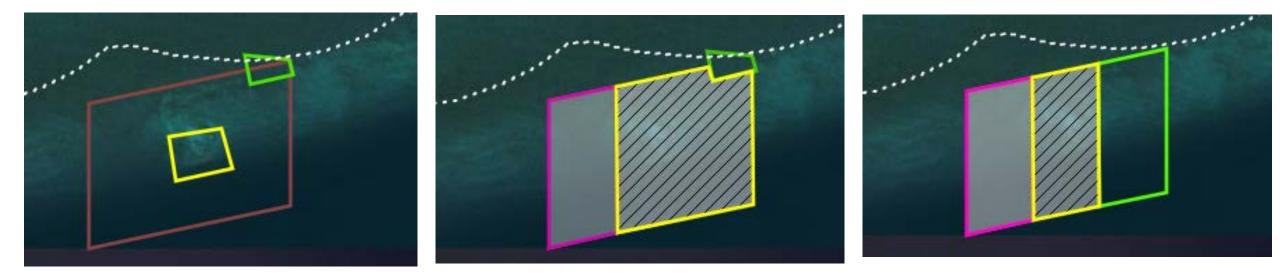
Areas that were already established when FKNMS was designated in 1990 Proposed name update to from "Existing Management Areas"





Marine Zones: Management Areas

Proposed spatial and regulation changes at Looe Key

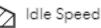


Alternative 1

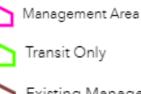
Alternatives 2 & 3







No Anchor



Existing Management Area



Marine Zones: Management Areas

- proposed anchoring prohibition in Key Largo



Alternative 1 Existing Management Area regulations

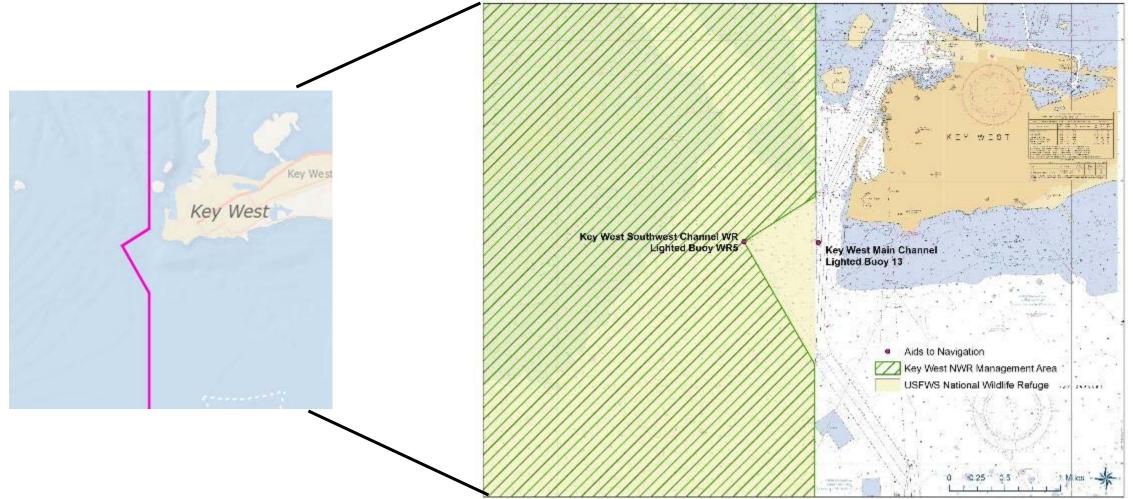


Alternative 2 Existing Management Area regulations No Anchor



Marine Zones: Management Areas (image shows preferred alternative)

 proposed relief of personal watercraft operation in small portion of Key West National Wildlife Refuge



Marine Zones: Management Areas (summary of alternatives)

		Management areas (including national wildlife refuges) ¹		
	Alternative 1 (status quo)	Alternative 2	Alternative 3 (preferred)	Alternative 4
Total zones	4	4	4	4
Total area: Looe Key and Key Largo sq miles	139.45	134.75	134.75	134.75
Regulations applied to Key Largo and Looe Key	Prohibited activities: *Removing, taking, spearing, or otherwise damaging any coral, marine invertebrate, plant, soil, rock, or other material; taking tropical fish *Use of wire fish traps and similar gear *Spearfishing	*Existing regulations applied and *No Anchoring	*Existing regulations applied and *No Anchoring	*Existing regulations applied and *No Anchoring
Total area: Key West and Great White Heron NWR	656.06	656.06	656.06	656.06
Regulations applied to NWR portions ¹	Prohibited activities: Operating a personal watercraft (PWC), airboat, or water skiing	Small area of relief for PWC operation around the "G13" marker	Small area of relief for PWC operation around the "G13" marker	Small area of relief for PWC operation around the "G13" marker 55

Marine Zones: Highlights Across Alternatives





Marine Zones: Highlight Zone Changes Across Alternatives

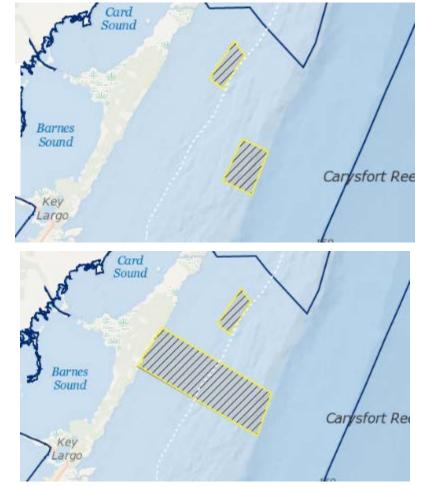
Carysfort: protect large contiguous habitats in the Upper Keys

Alternative 1: Sanctuary Preservation Area



Alternative 3: Limited Use Sanctuary Preservation Area

Alternative 2: Sanctuary Preservation Area



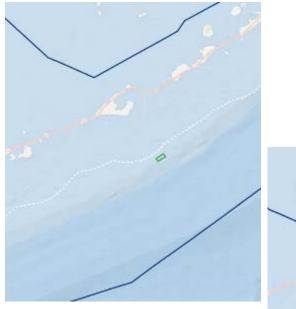
Alternative 4: Sanctuary Preservation Area



Marine Zones: Highlight Zone Changes Across Alternatives

Long Key-Tennessee Reef: protect large contiguous habitats in the Middle Keys

Alternative 1: Special Use Area







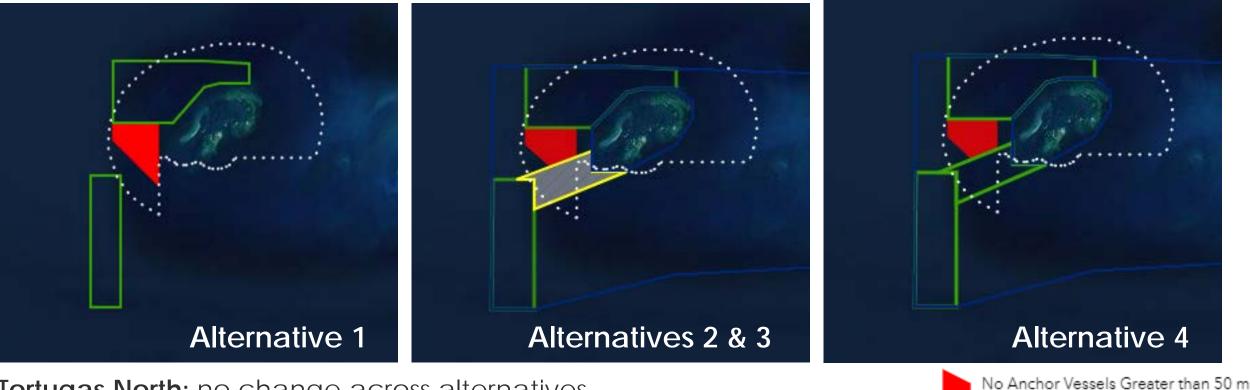
Idle Speed Sanctuary Preservation Area Transit Only

Alternative 2: Conservation Area

Alternative 4: Conservation Area



Tortugas Region: protect large contiguous habitats & fish spawning sites



Tortugas North: no change across alternatives

Tortugas South: extends westward by 1 mile in Alternatives 2, 3, and 4 Tortugas Corridor:

Alternatives 2 and 3: Sanctuary Preservation Area Alternative 4: Conservation Area

Idle Speed

Transit Only



Marine Zones: Highlight Zone Changes Across Alternatives

Western Dry Rocks: protects a multi-fish spawning aggregation site





Marine Zones: Highlight Zone Changes Across Alternatives

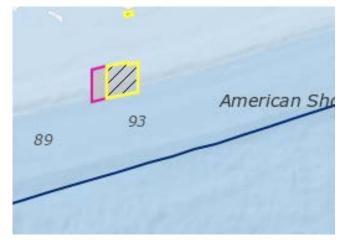
- Marquesas Turtle Zone: protects internationally important sea turtle seagrass foraging habitat



Marine Zones: Restrict anchoring to protect habitats

Looe Key & Key Largo Management Area

(Alternatives 2, 3, and 4)





All Sanctuary Preservation Areas (Alternatives 2, 3, and 4)



Tortugas No Anchor Zone (existing, applies to vessels over 50m)



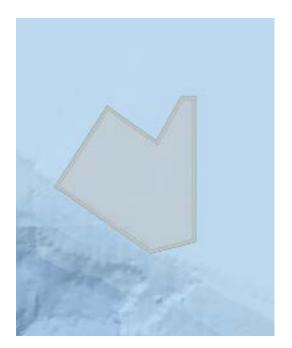


∑ ^{Idle Speed}

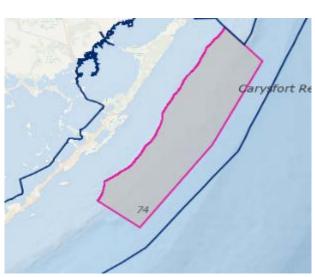




No Anchor Vessels Greater than 50 m



Pulley Ridge (only in Alternative 4, applies to all vessels)



Summary of Alternatives





Alternative 1: No Action

Sanctuary Boundary: 3803 square miles

Sanctuary-wide regulations: implemented in 1997

Marine Zones: 57 total

Management Plan: updated in 2007



Alternative 2: Reduce concentrated & conflicting uses

Florida

Bay

soridag.

Sanctuary Boundary: 4541 square miles (expands by 738 square miles)

Sanctuary-wide regulations: updates 3 existing and proposes 4 new

Marine Zones: 96 total proposed

Management Plan: Revised management plan

Florida V



Alternative 3: Preferred

Sanctuary Boundary: 4541 square miles (expands by 738 square miles; same as Alternative 2)

Sanctuary-wide regulations: updates 3 existing and proposes 4 new (same as Alternative 2)

Florida

Bay

oridag.

Marine Zones: 98 total proposed

Management Plan: Revised management plan (same as Alternative 2)

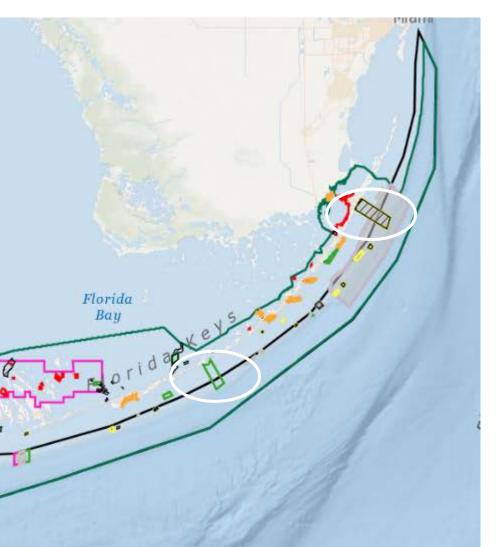
Alternative 4: Protect large contiguous habitats

Sanctuary Boundary: 4800 square miles (expands by 997 square miles)

Sanctuary-wide regulations: updates 5 existing and proposes 4 new

Marine Zones: 98 total proposed

Management Plan: Revised management plan (same as Alternative 2)



NOAA's Preferred Alternative:

- 1. Expand the sanctuary boundary:
 - protect connected habitats

2. Update sanctuary-wide regulations:

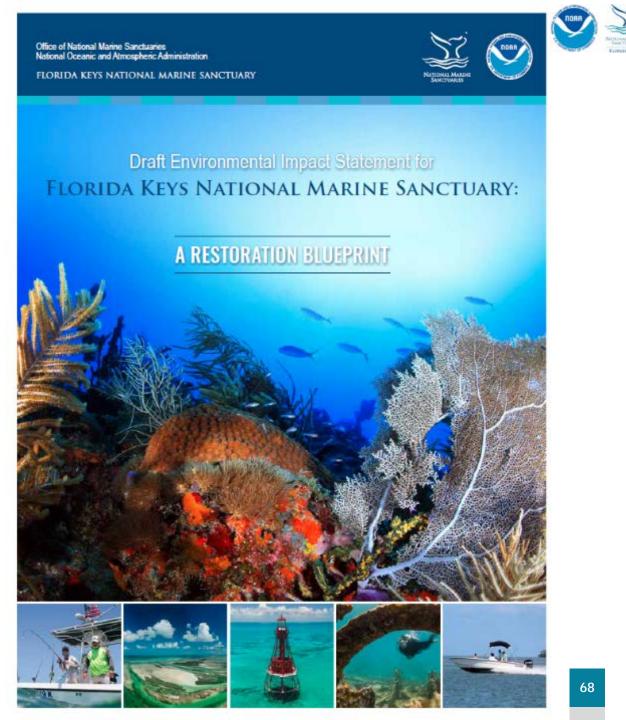
- be consistent with state regulations
- provide additional authority to address threats to sanctuary resources

3. Modify and create new marine zones:

- provide targeted habitat protections
- protect additional habitat types
- protect wildlife including ESA listed coral species
- facilitate research and restoration
- manage human uses and impacts

4. Revise the management plan:

- advance understanding
- improve sanctuary resource condition
- reduce threats and impacts
- enhance stewardship
- advance collaboration and partnership



THANK YOU